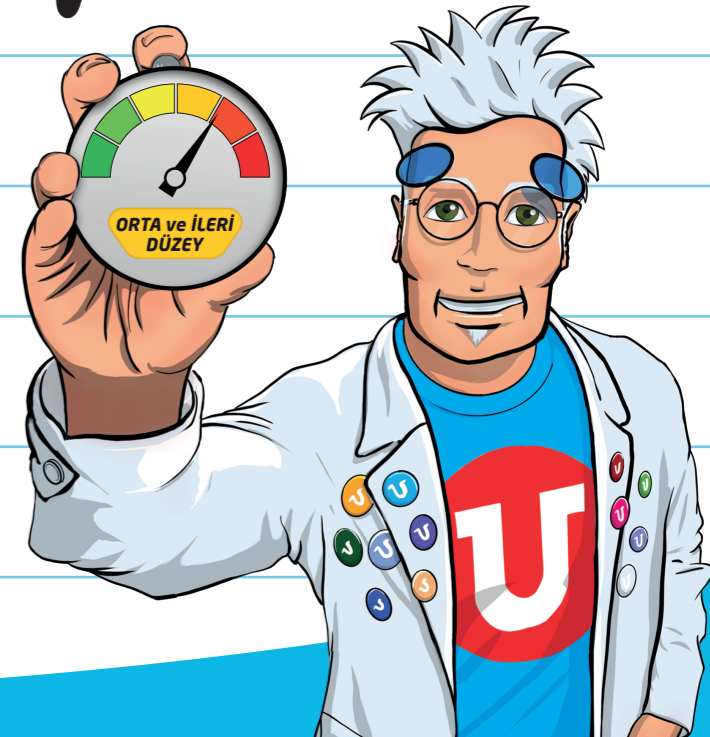


TYT Orta ve İleri Düzey Coğrafya Soru Bankası

İklim Bilgisi: Dünya'da İklim Tipleri



İKLİM BİLGİSİ: DÜNYA'DA İKLİM TIPLERİ

Büyük İklım Tipleri (Makroklıma Bölgeleeri)

Ekvatoral İklım

Akdeniz İklımı

Muson İklımı

İlman Okyanusal İklım

Savan İklımı

Step (İlman Karasal) İklımı

Çöl İklımı

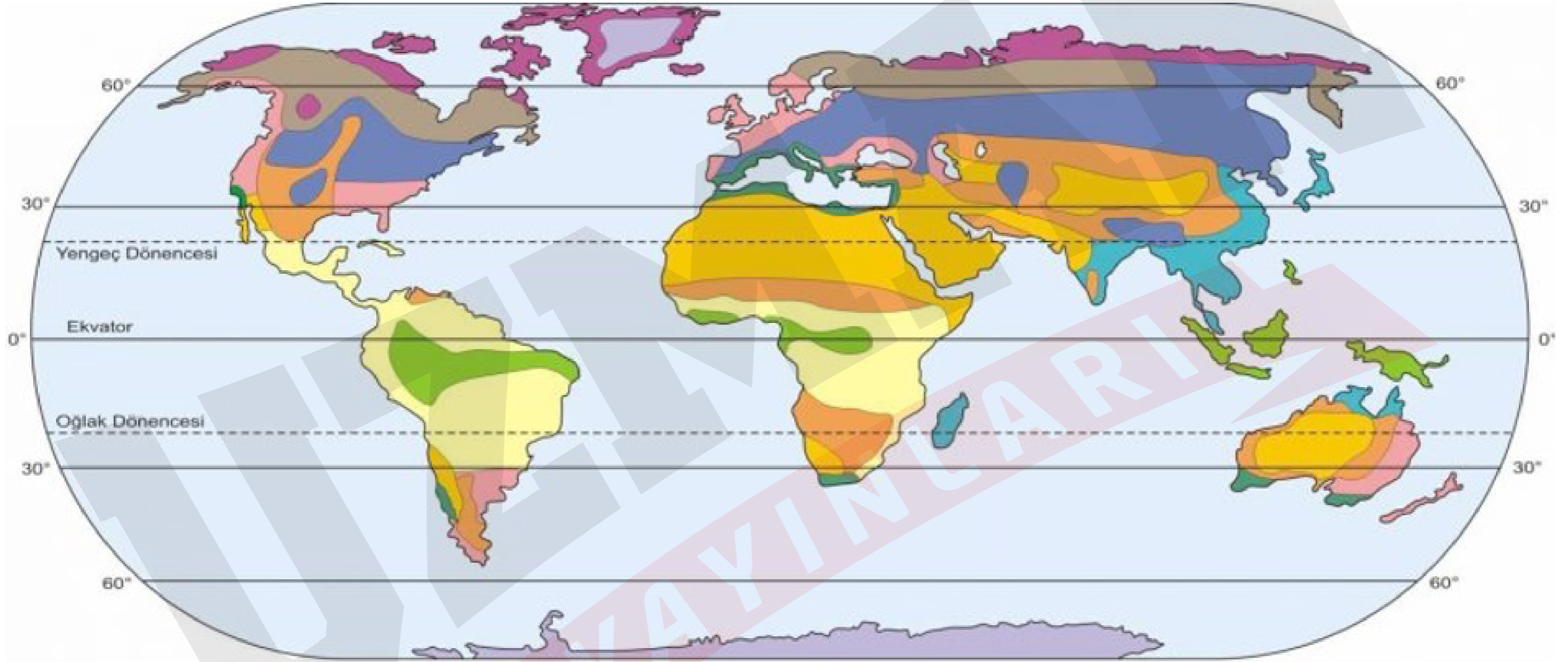
Sert Karasal İklım

Tundra İklımı

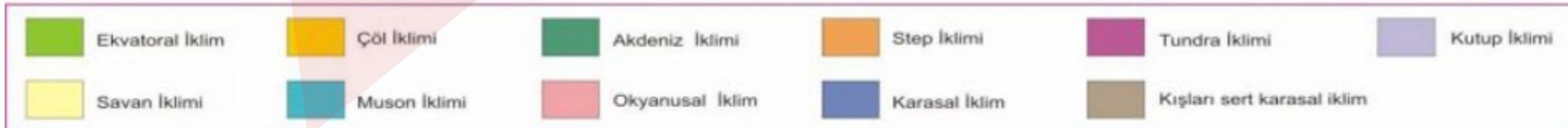
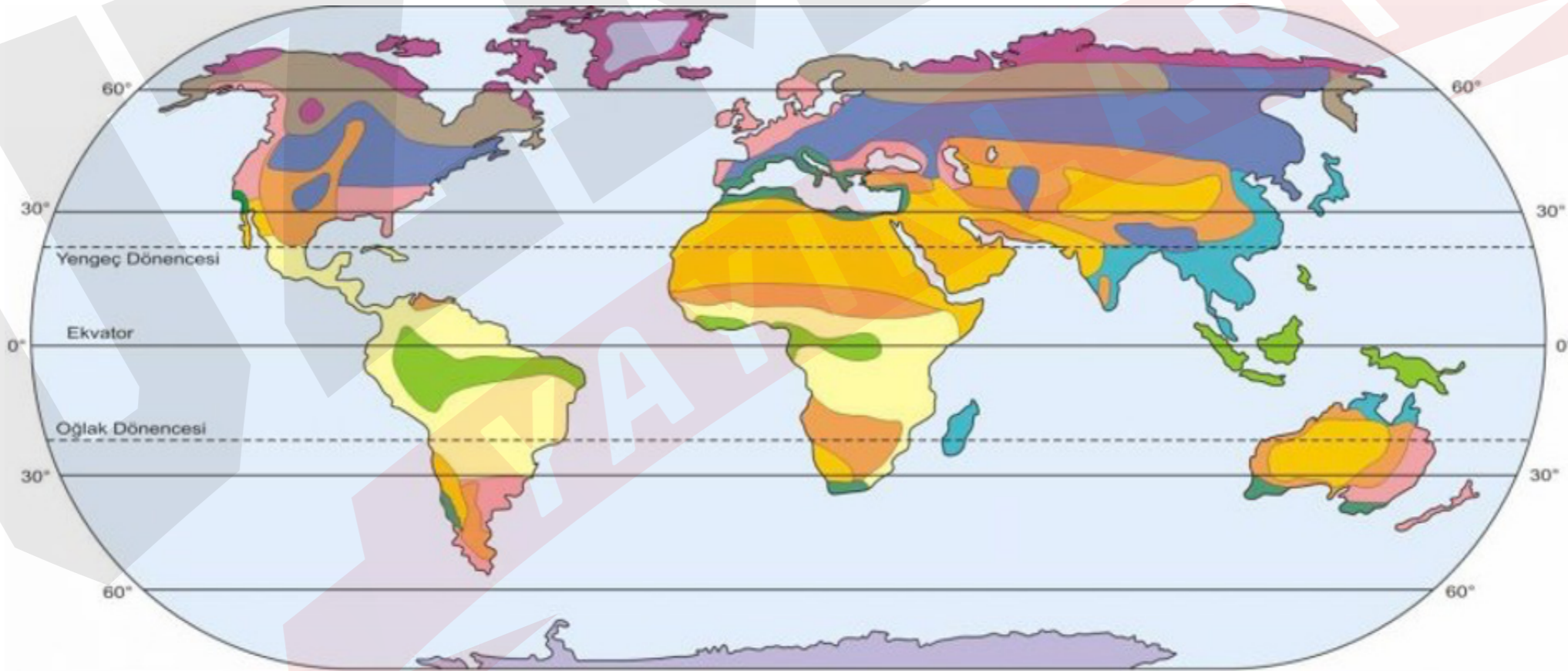
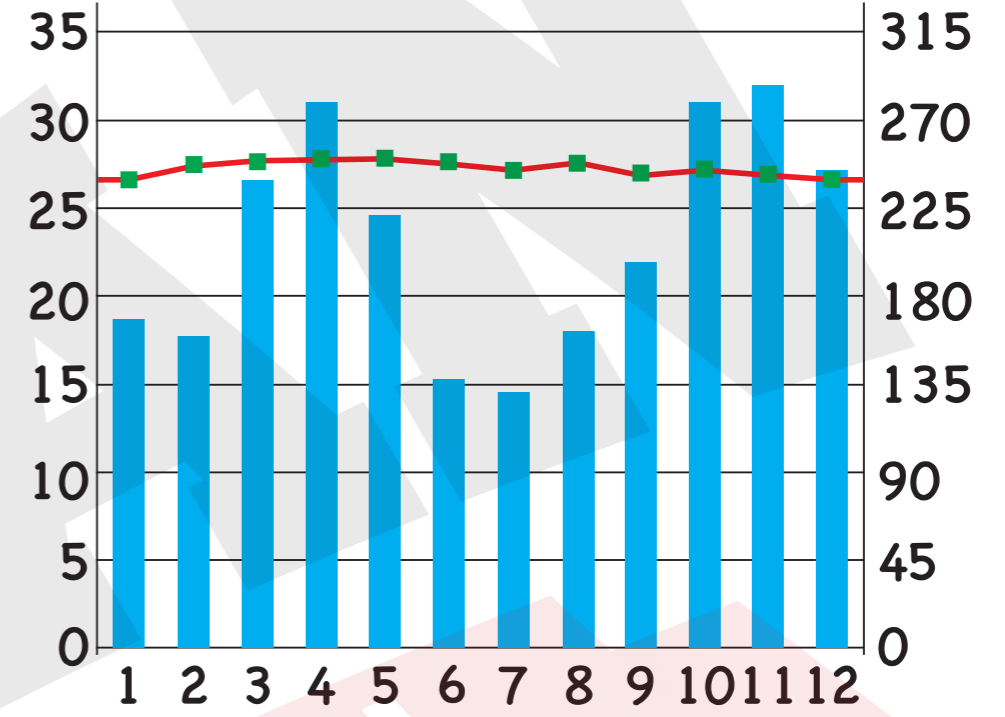
Kutup İklımı



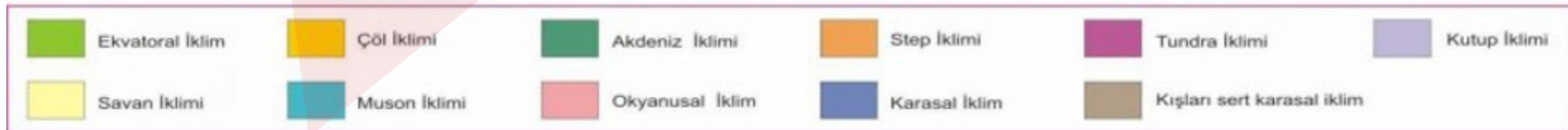
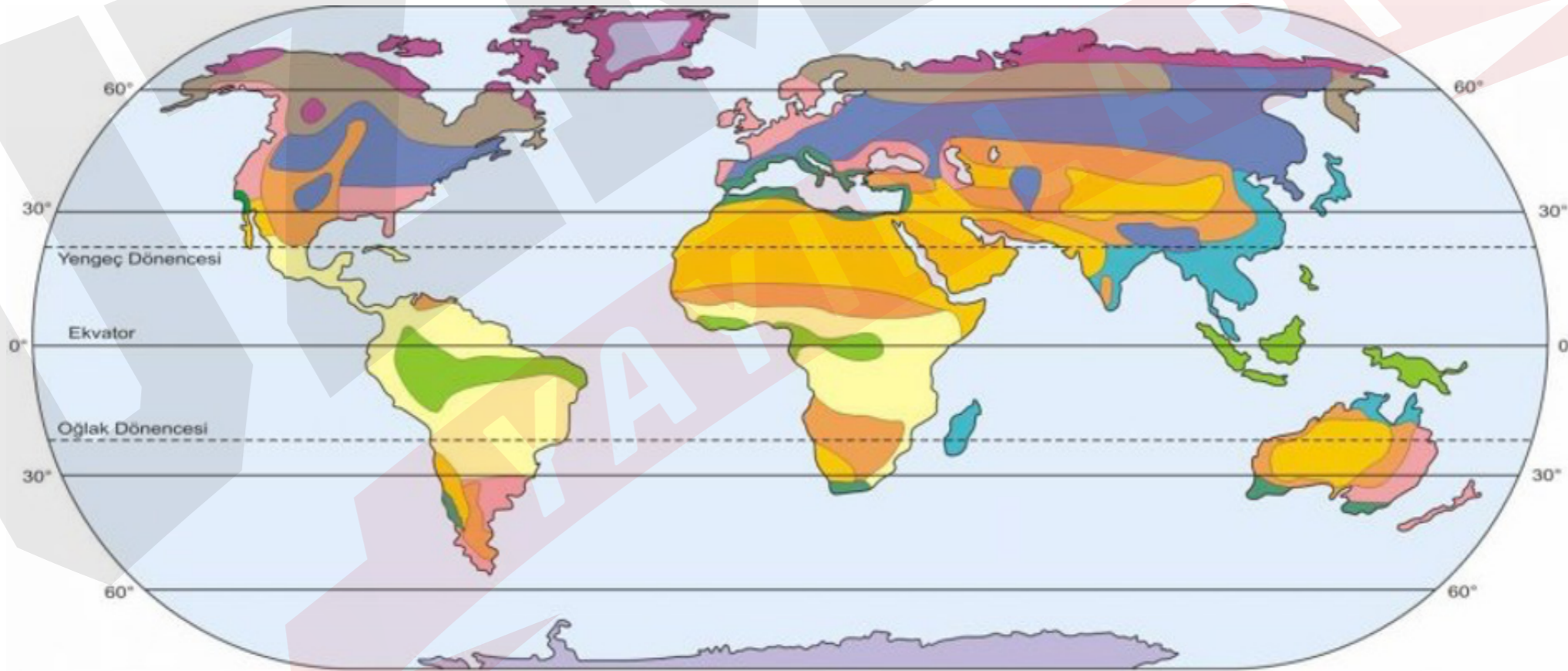
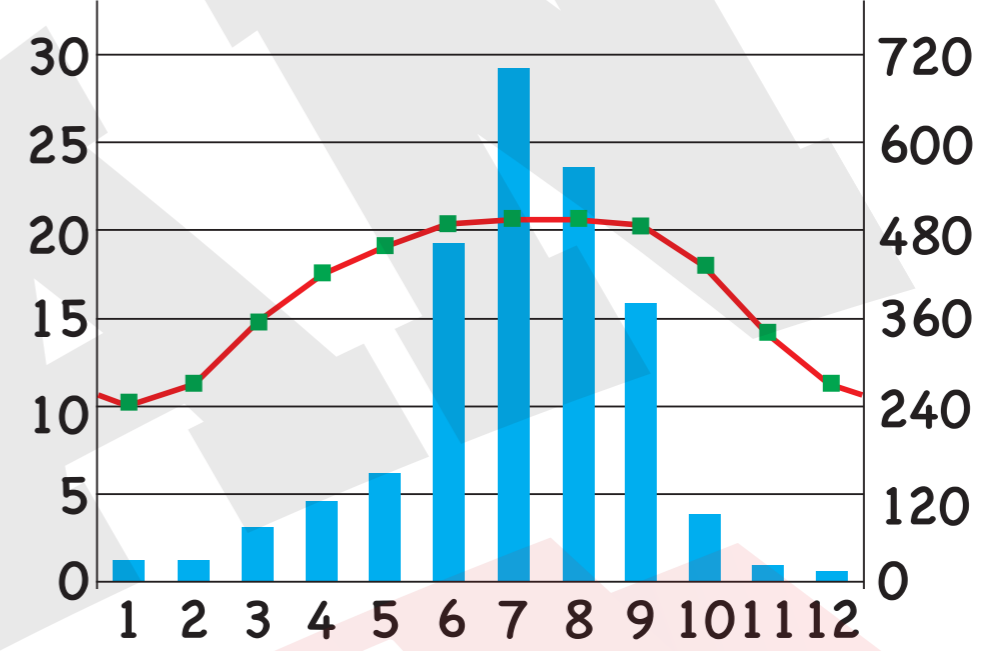
BÜYÜK İKLİM TIPLERİ (MAKROKLİMA BÖLGELERİ)



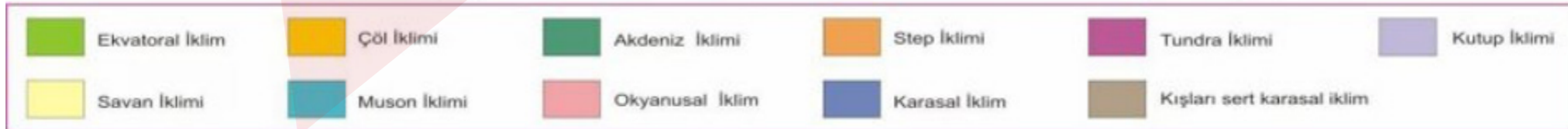
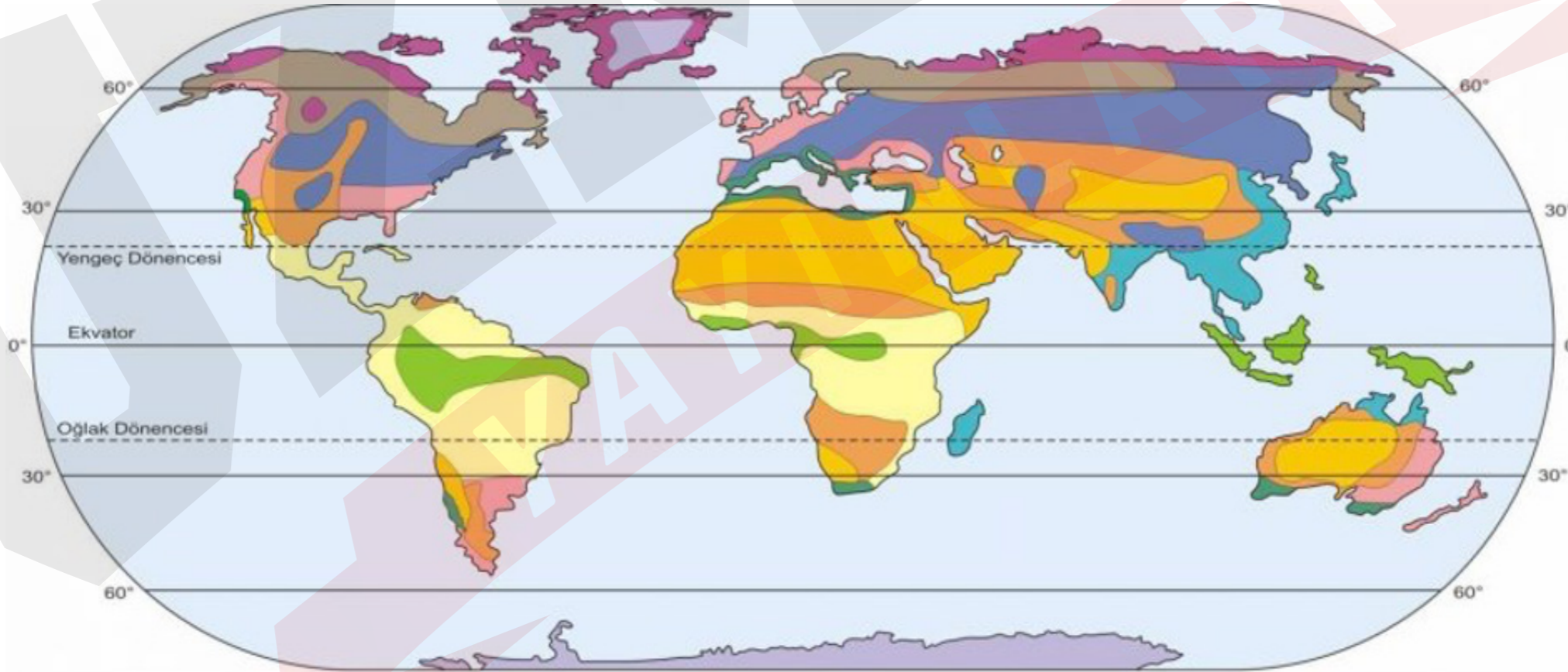
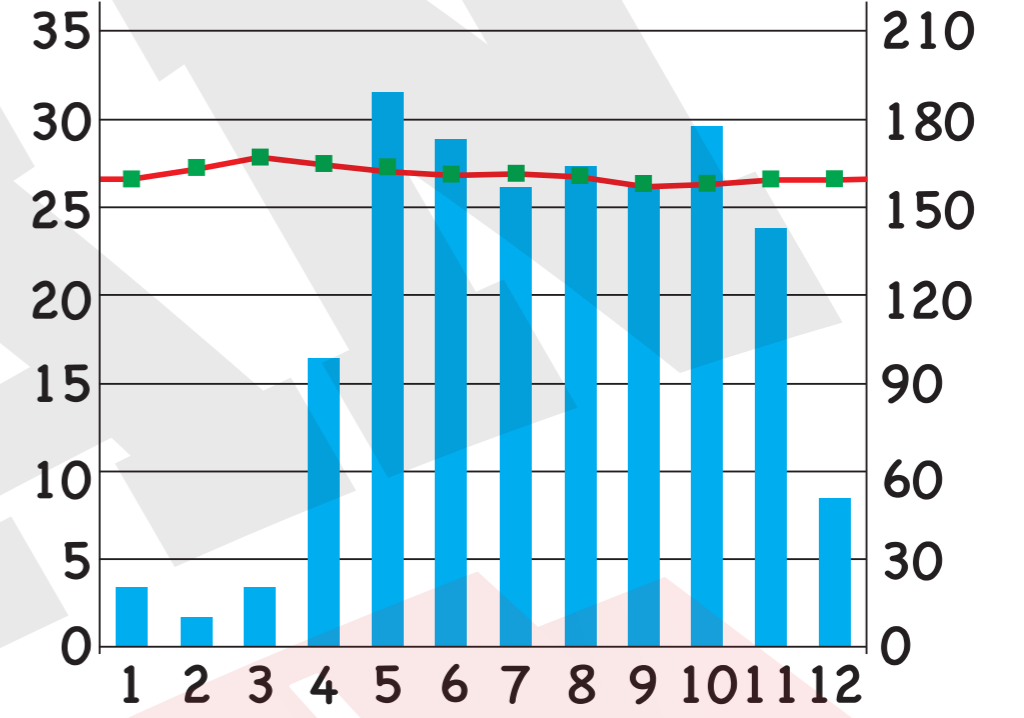
EKVATORAL İKLİM



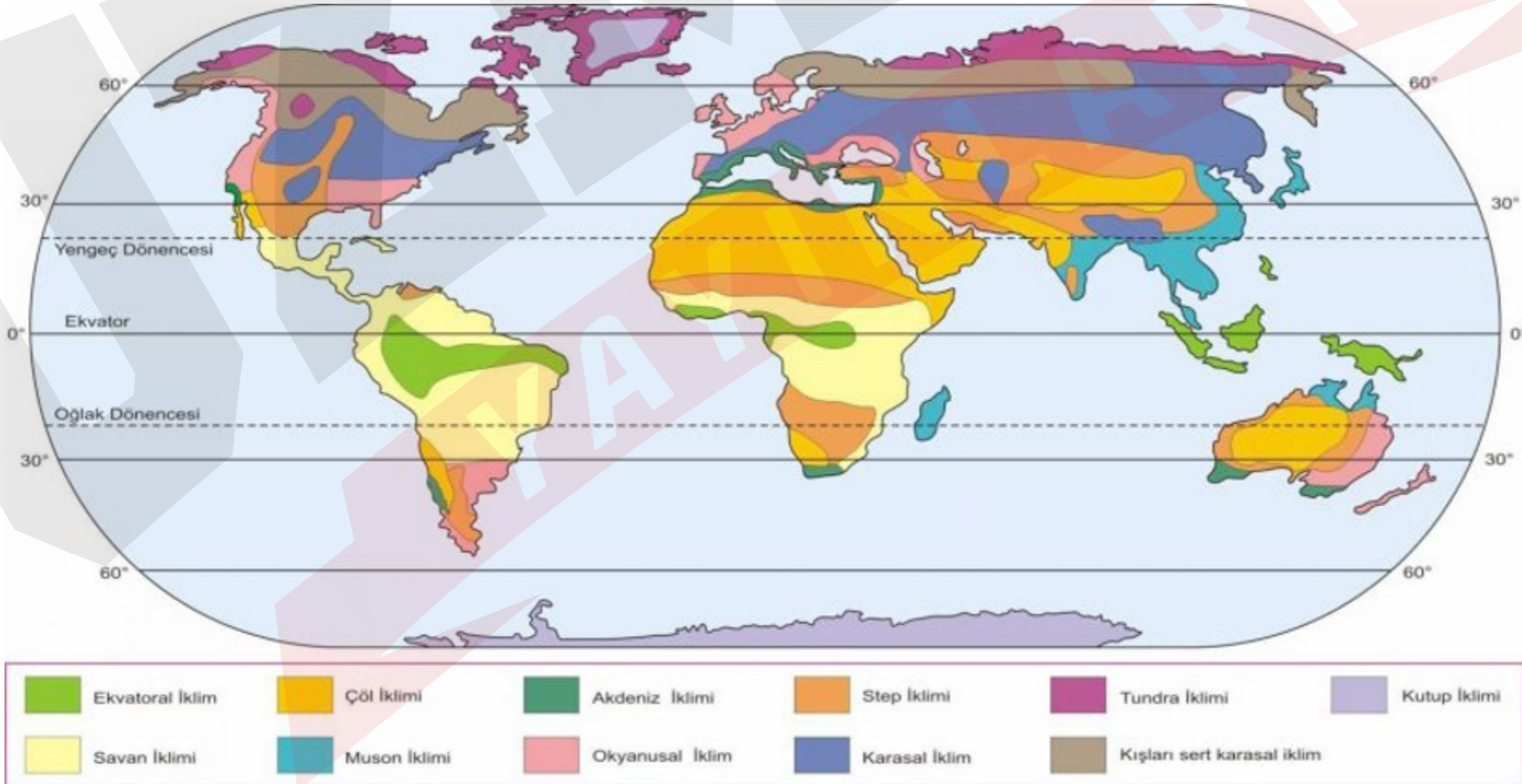
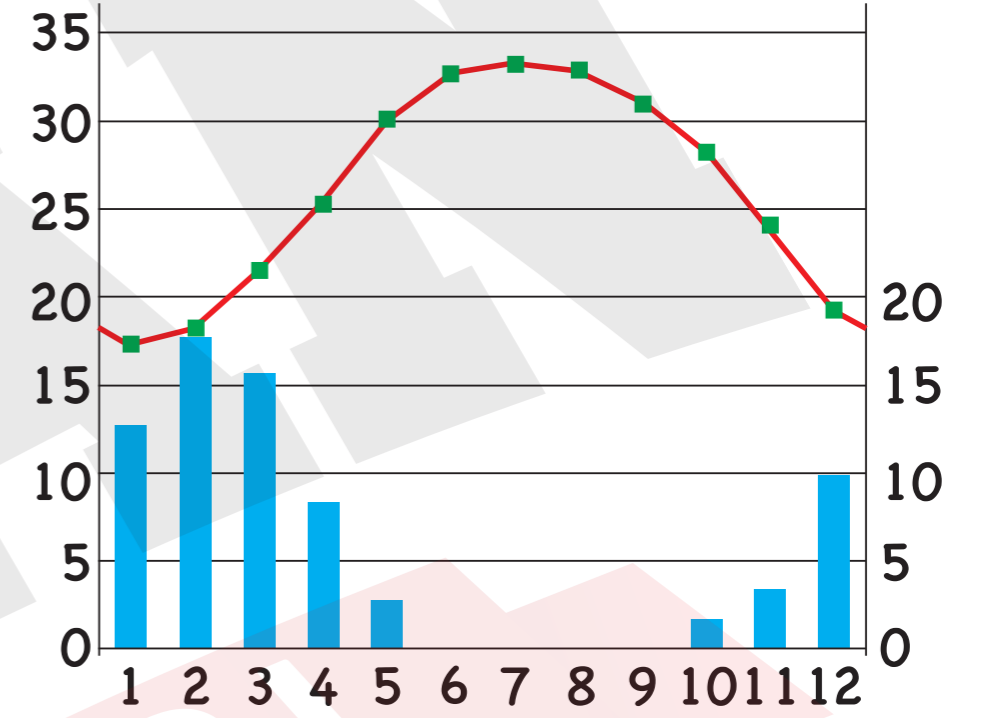
MUSON İKLİMİ



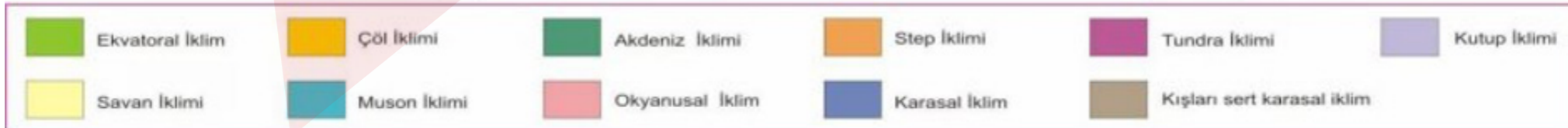
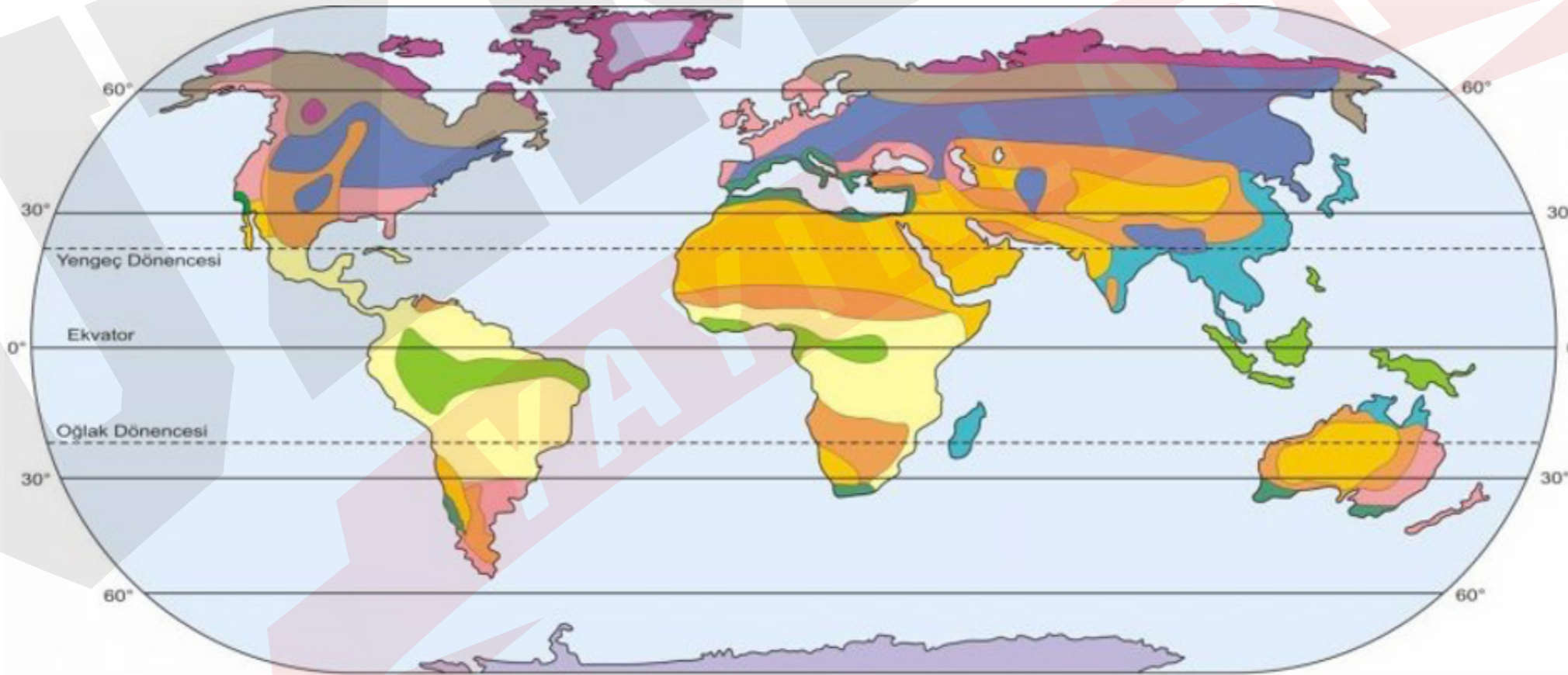
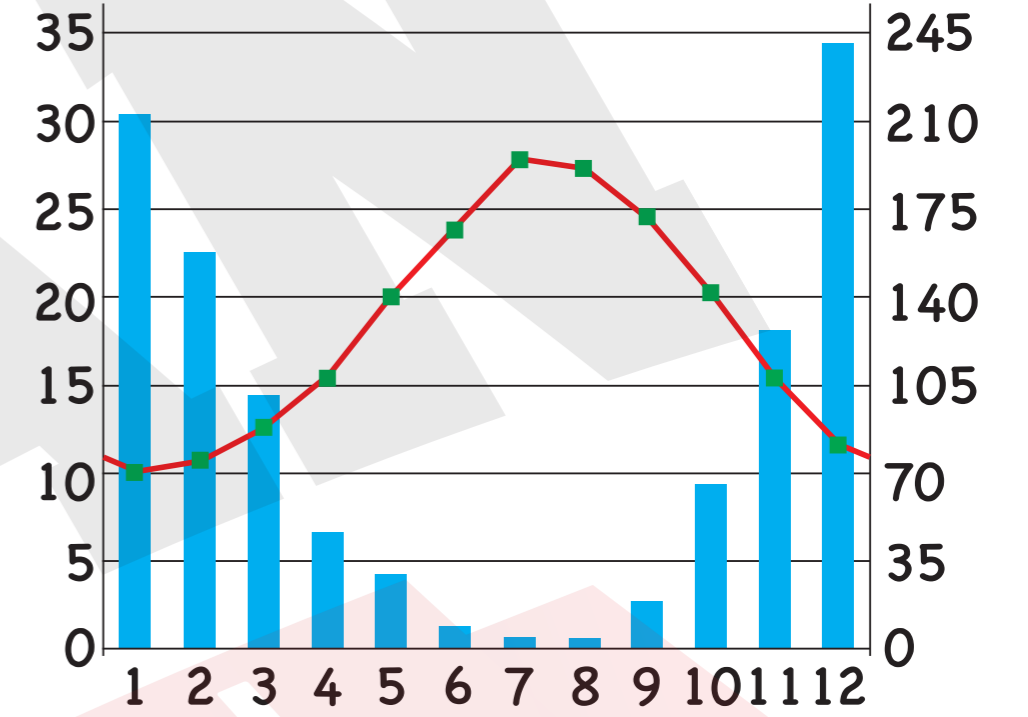
SAVAN İKLİMİ



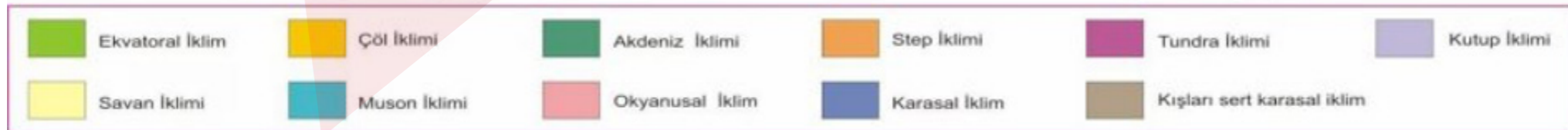
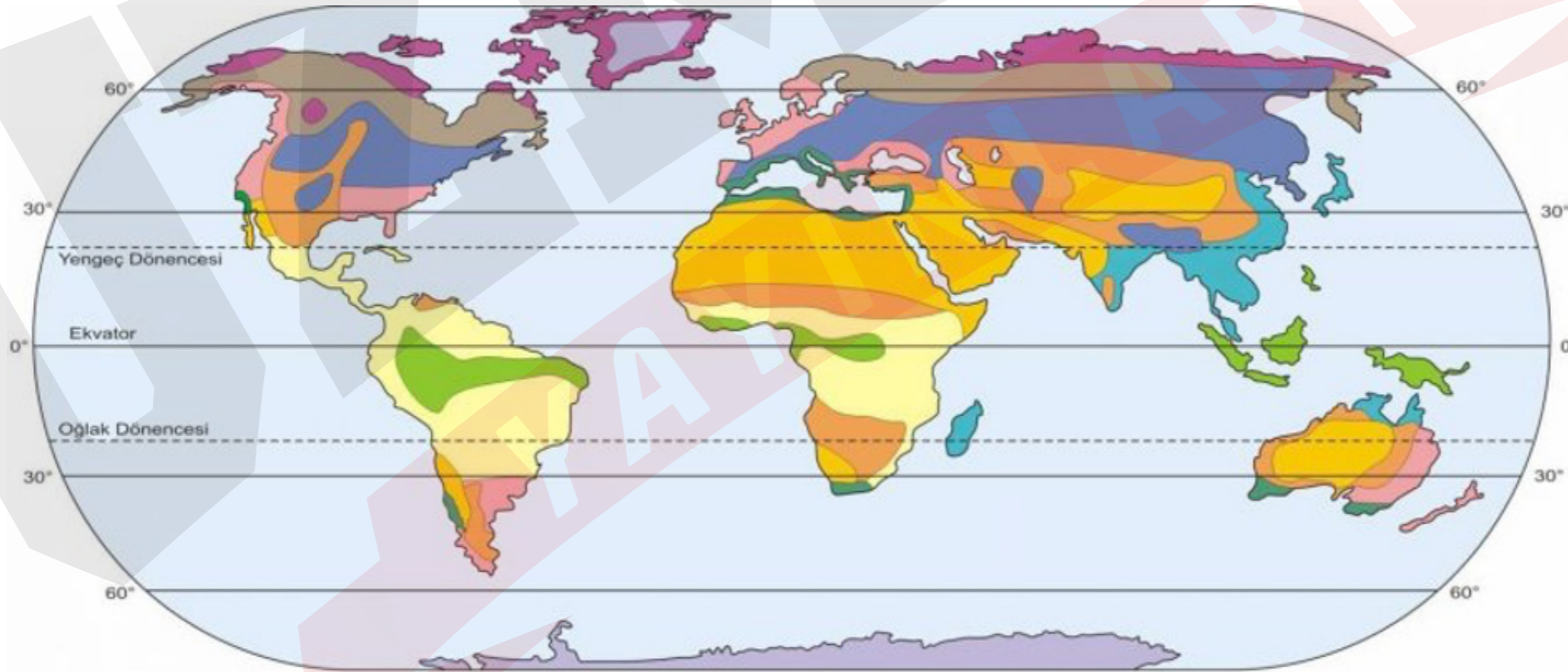
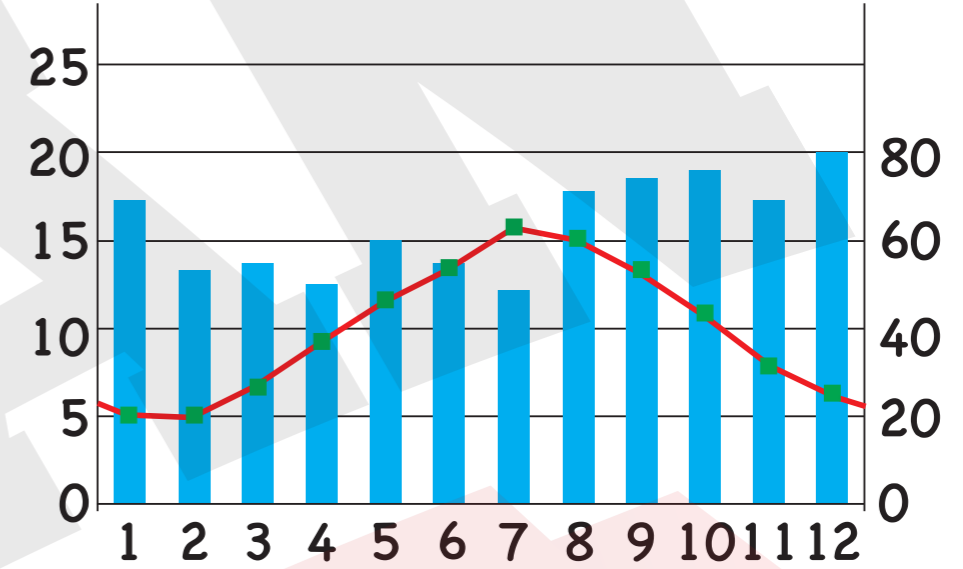
ÇÖL İKLİMİ



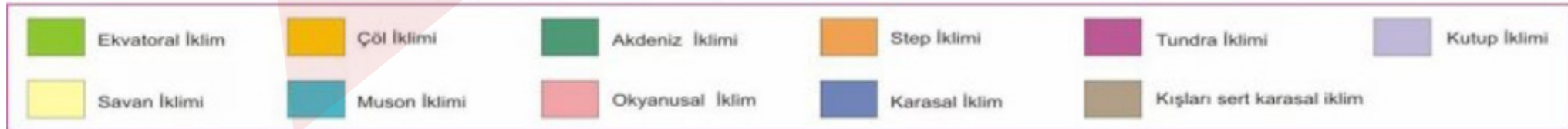
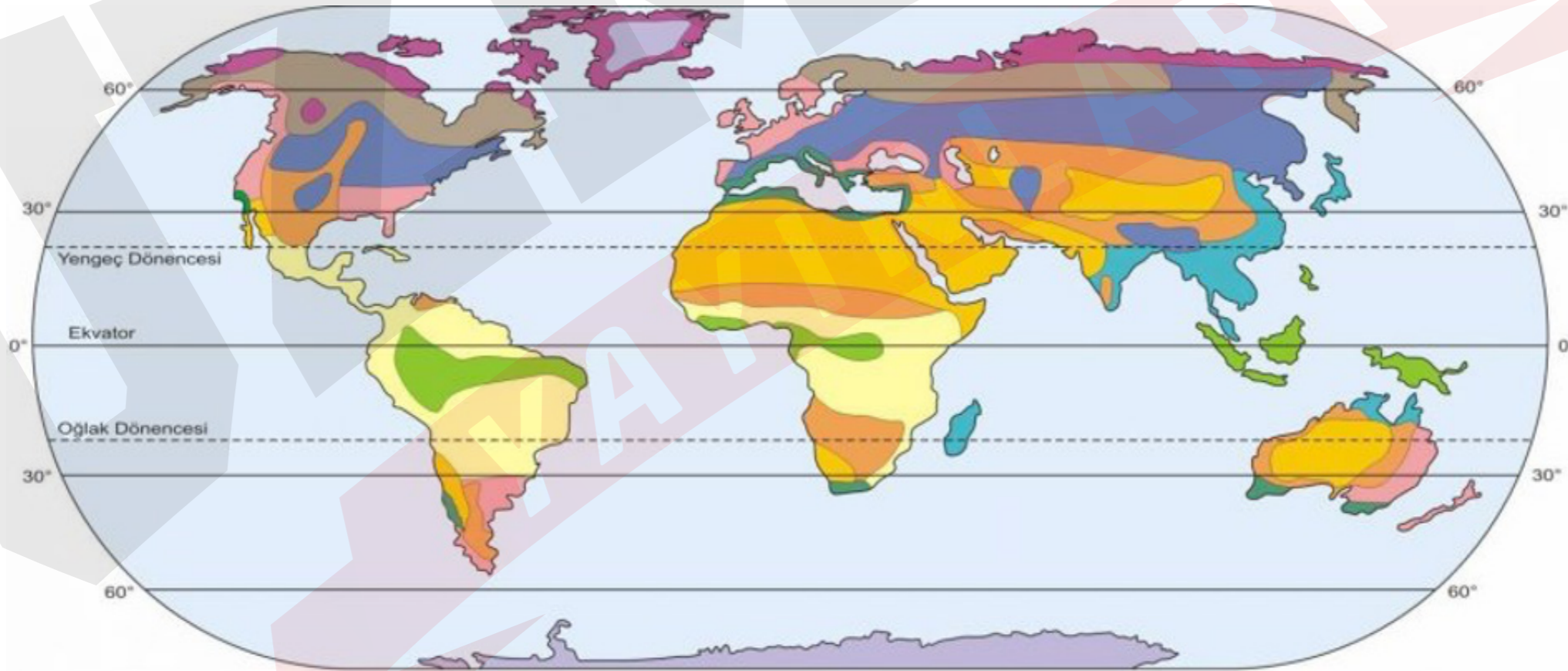
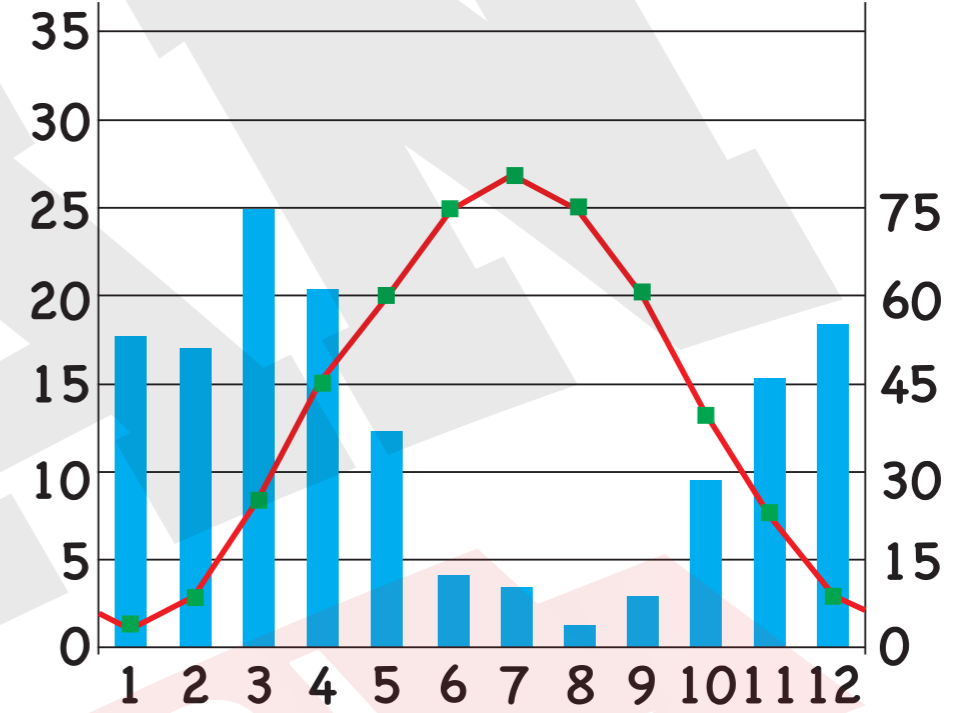
AKDENİZ İKLİMİ



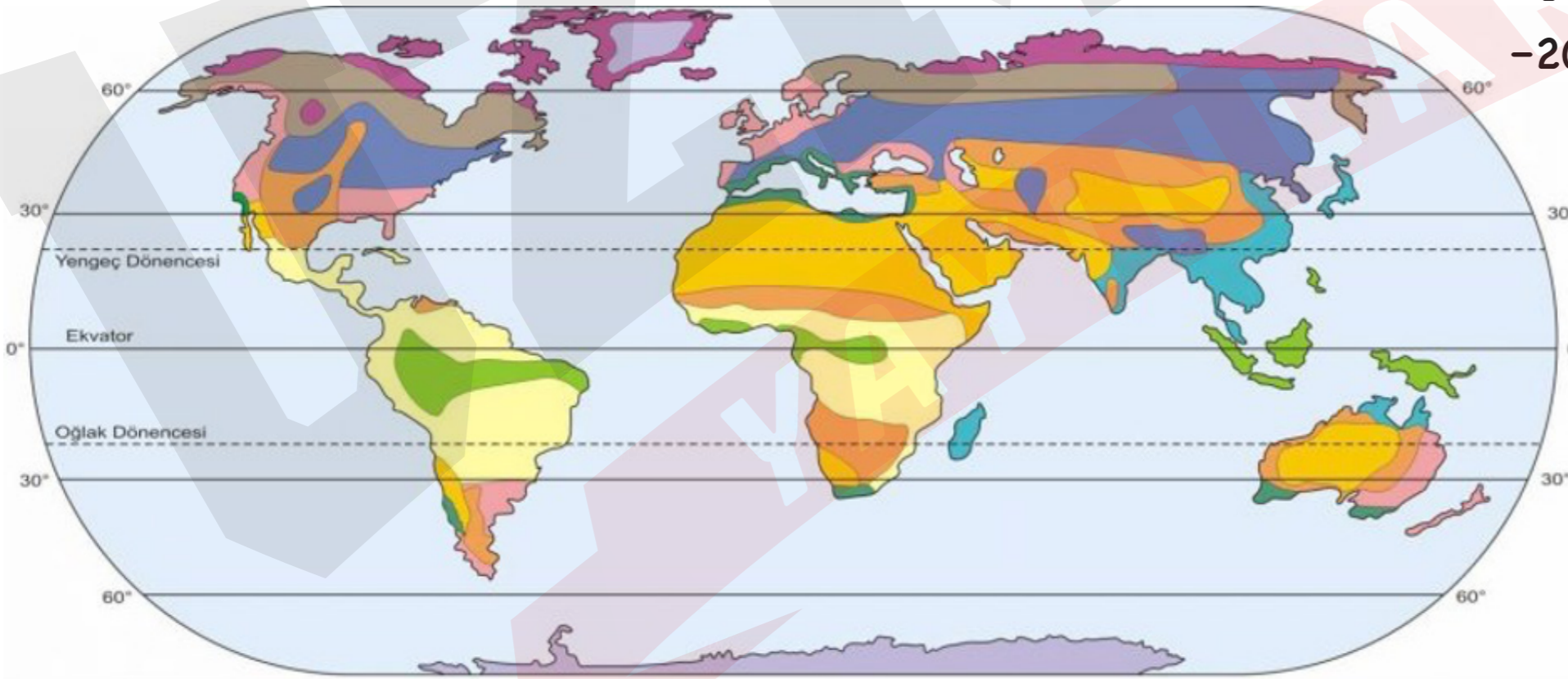
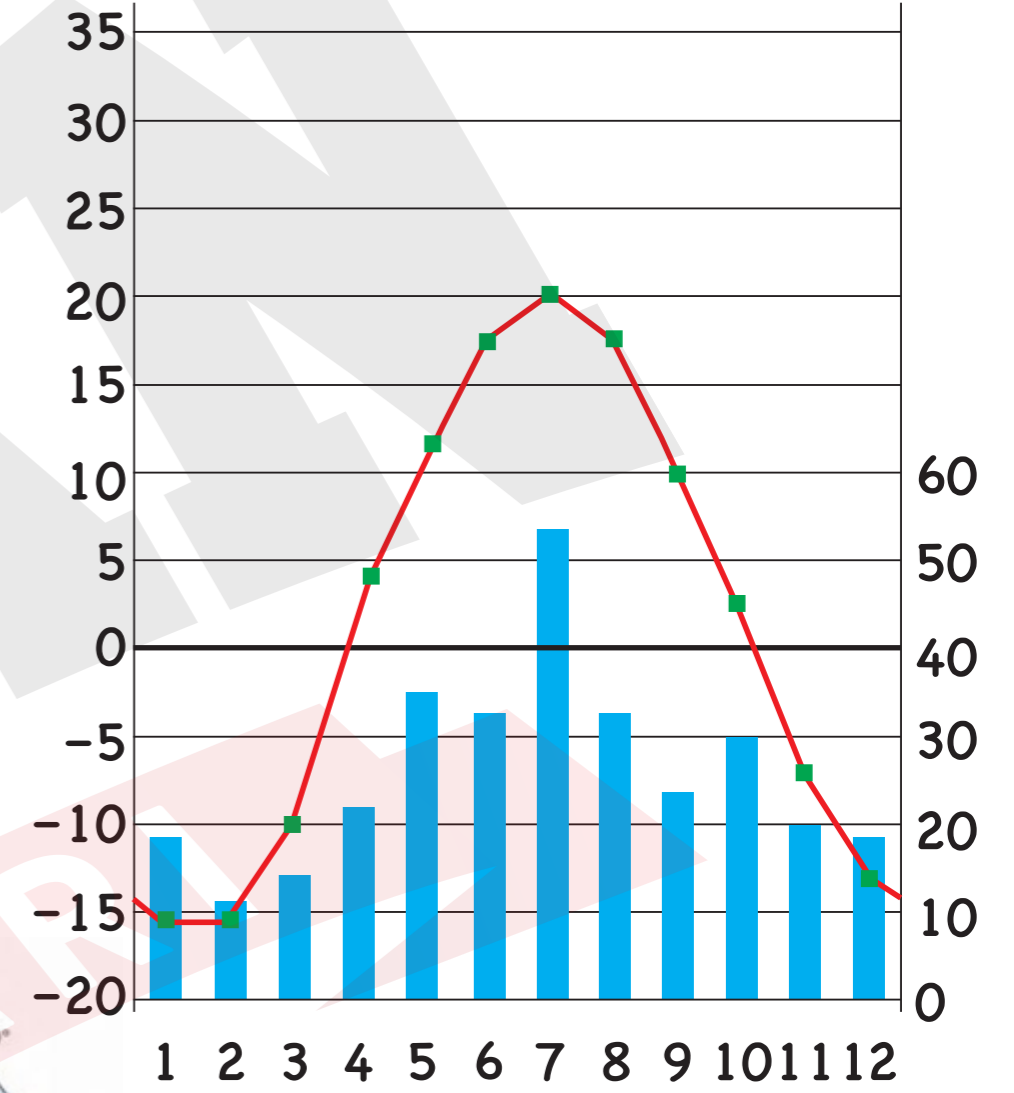
ILIMAN OKYANUSAL İKLİM














STEP (ILIMAN KARASAL) İKLİMİ

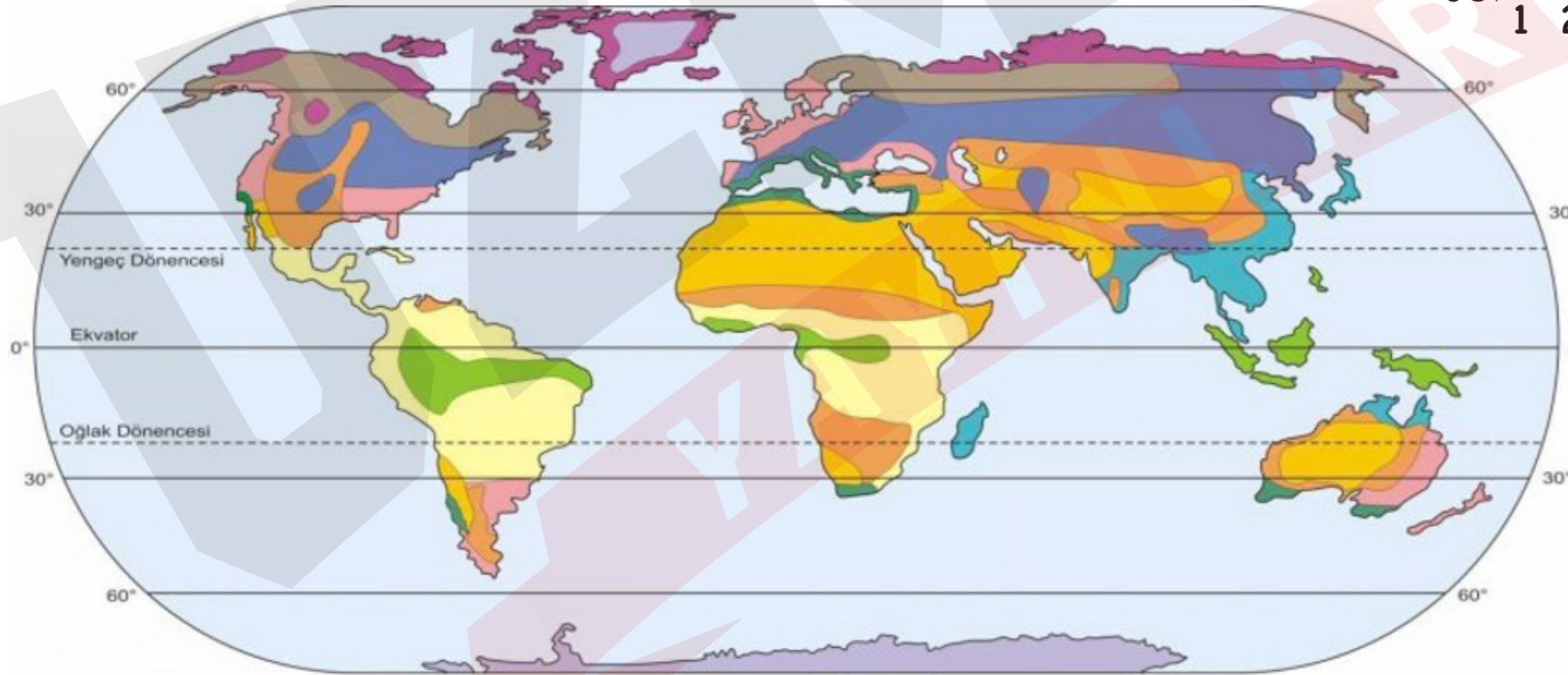
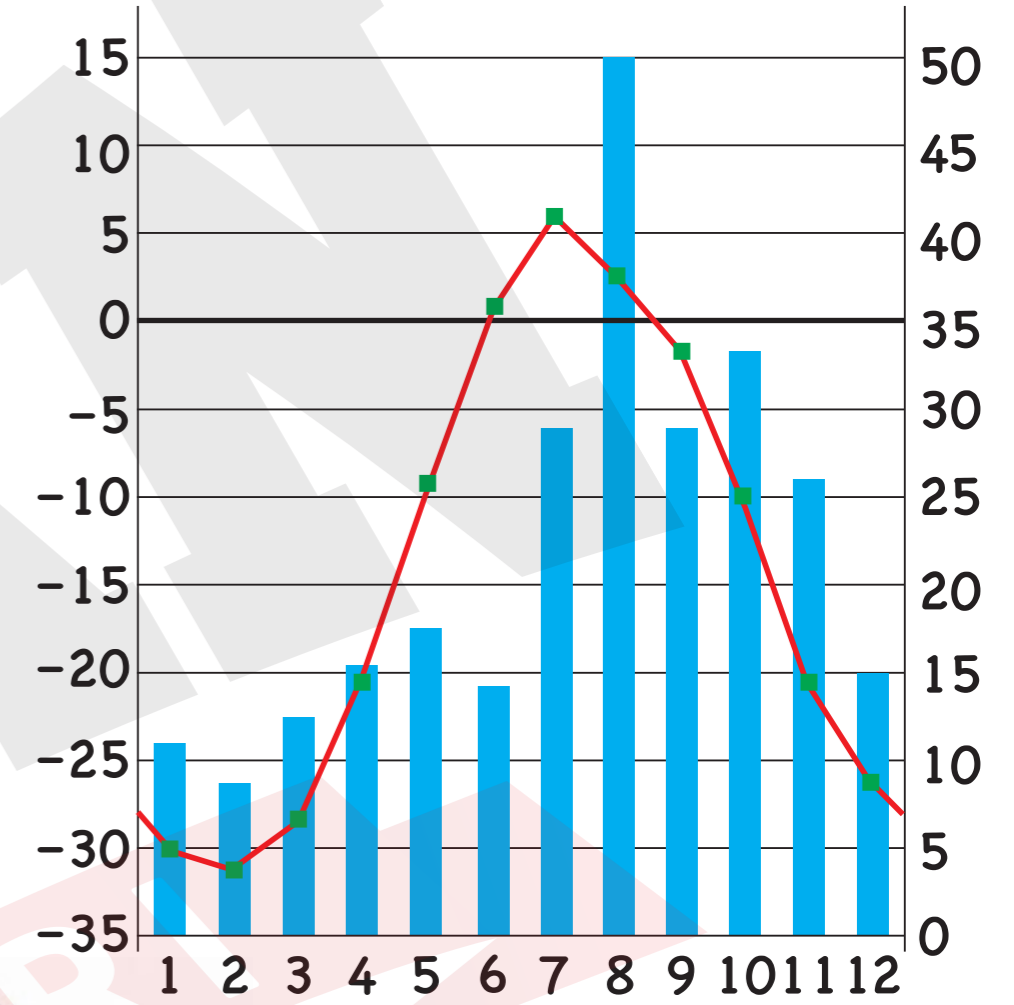


SERT KARASAL İKLİM



 Ekvatorial İklim	 Çöl İklimi	 Akdeniz İklimi	 Step İklimi	 Tundra İklimi	 Kutup İklimi
 Savan İklimi	 Muson İklimi	 Okyanusal İklim	 Karasal İklim	 Kışları sert karasal iklim	

TUNDRA İKLİMİ



Ekvatorial İklim	Çöl İklimi	Akdeniz İklimi	Step İklimi	Tundra İklimi	Kutup İklimi
Savan İklimi	Muson İklimi	Okyanusal İklim	Karasal İklim	Kışları sert karasal iklim	



KUTUP İKLİMİ



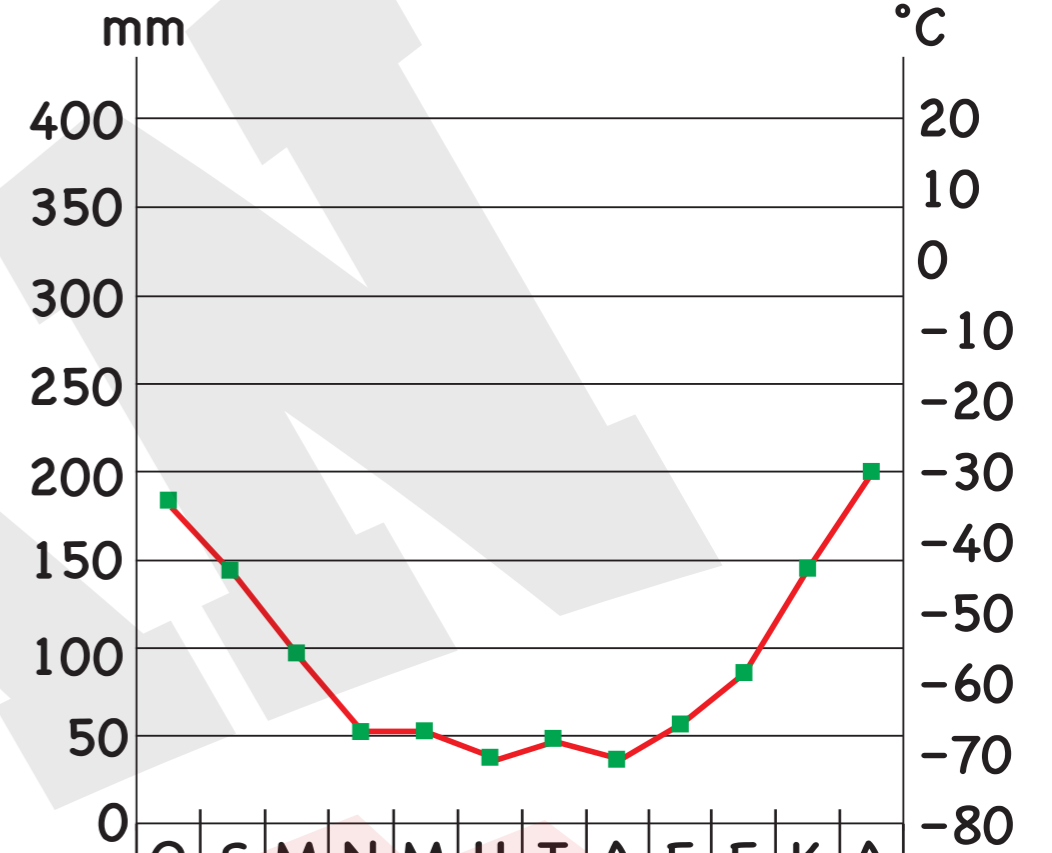
Konum

79°15' G

40°34' D

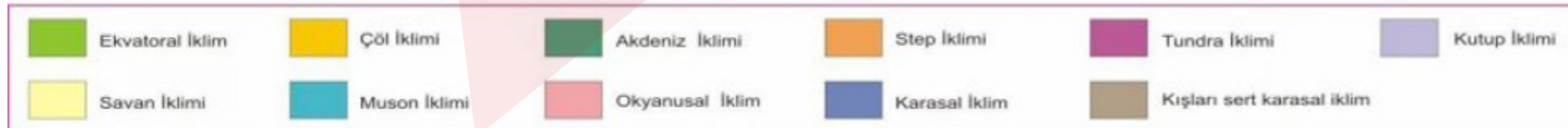
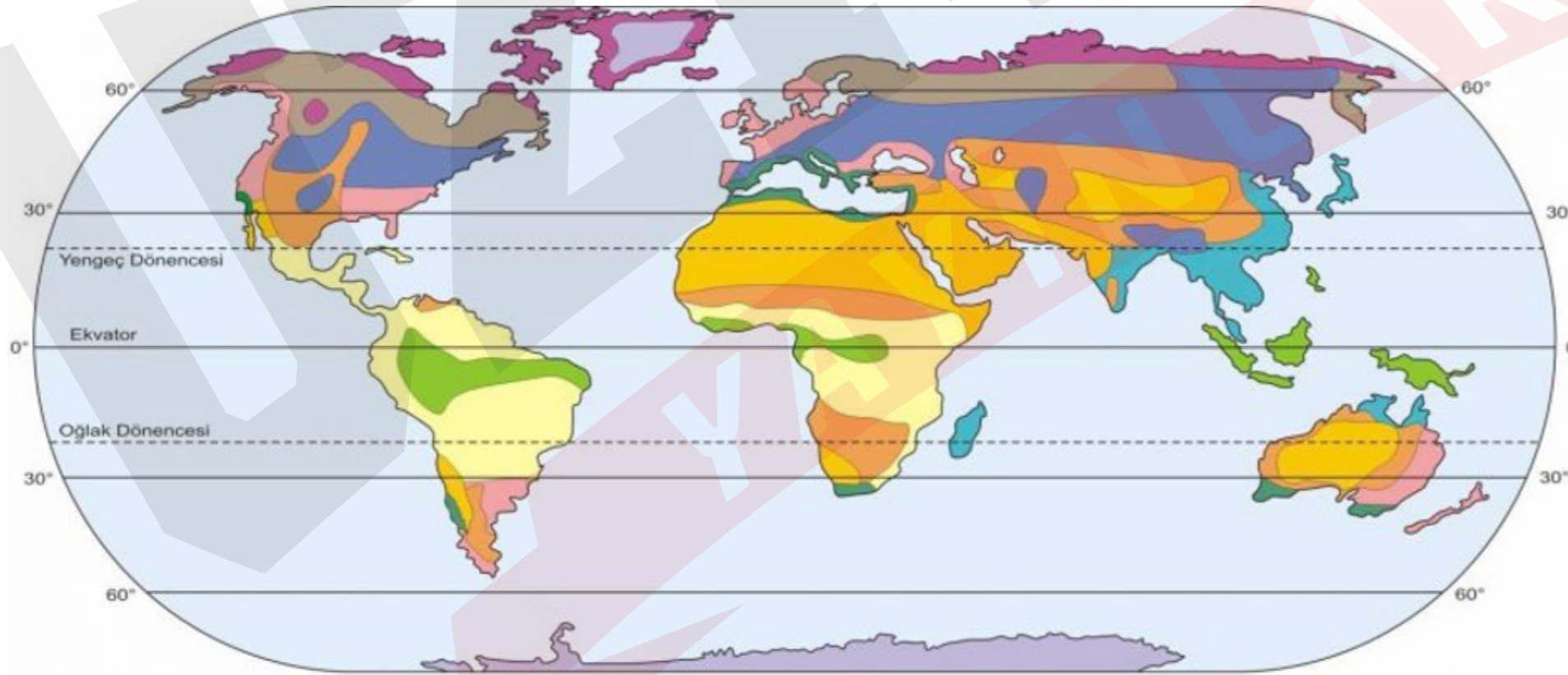
Yükselti

3.624 m



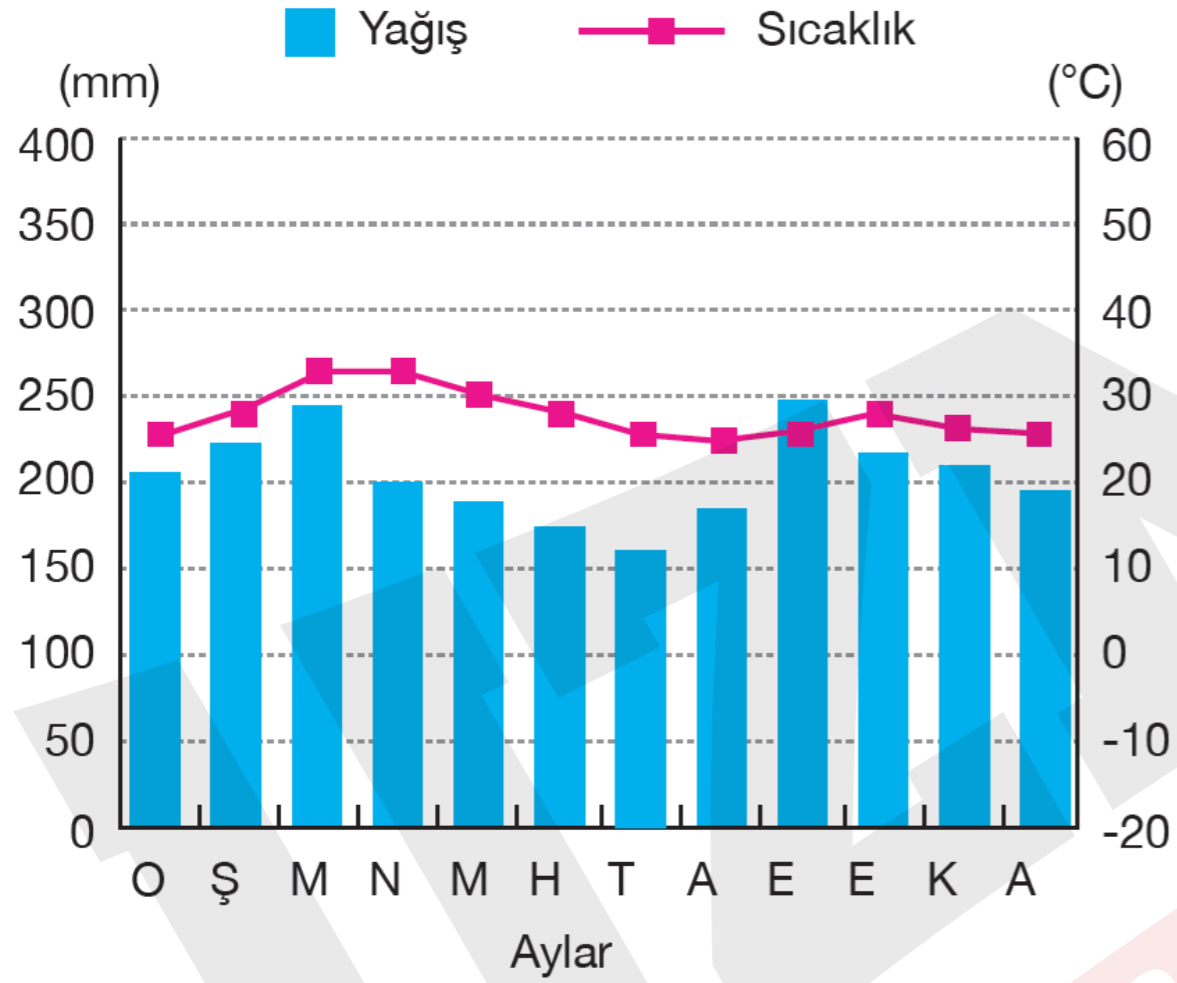
Ortalama Yağış (mm)

Ortalama Sıcaklık (°C)



Örnek:

Aşağıda bir bölgenin aylık ortalama sıcaklık ve yağış grafiği verilmiştir.



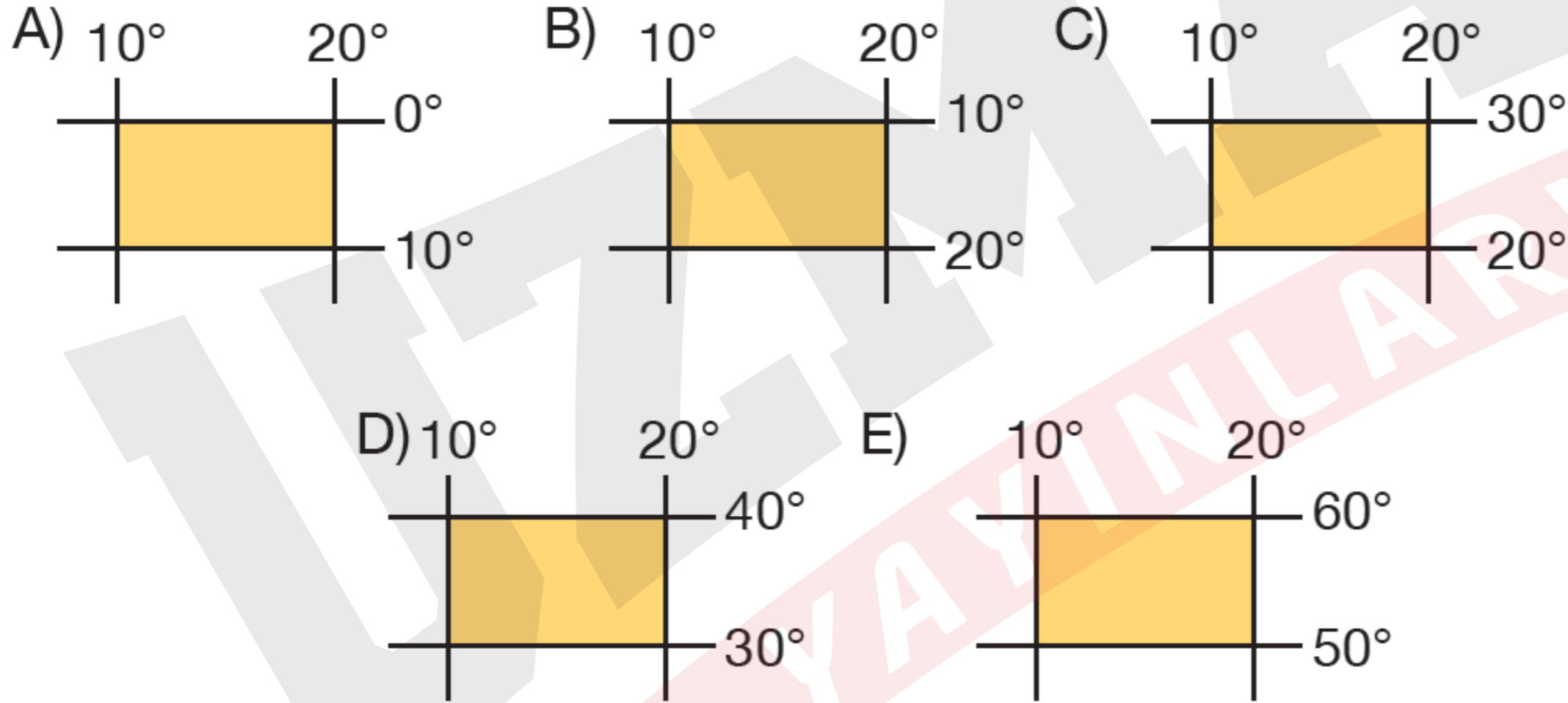
Bu grafiğe göre bu bölge ile ilgili olarak aşağıdakilerden hangisi söylenemez?

- A) Yıllık sıcaklık ortalaması 20°C 'nin üzerindedir.
- B) Yıllık sıcaklık farkı $3^{\circ}\text{C} - 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ 'dir.
- C) Yağış rejimi düzenlidir.
- D) Yağış miktarı yılda iki kez yükselmiştir.
- E) Yıllık yağış miktarı 250 mm civarındadır.

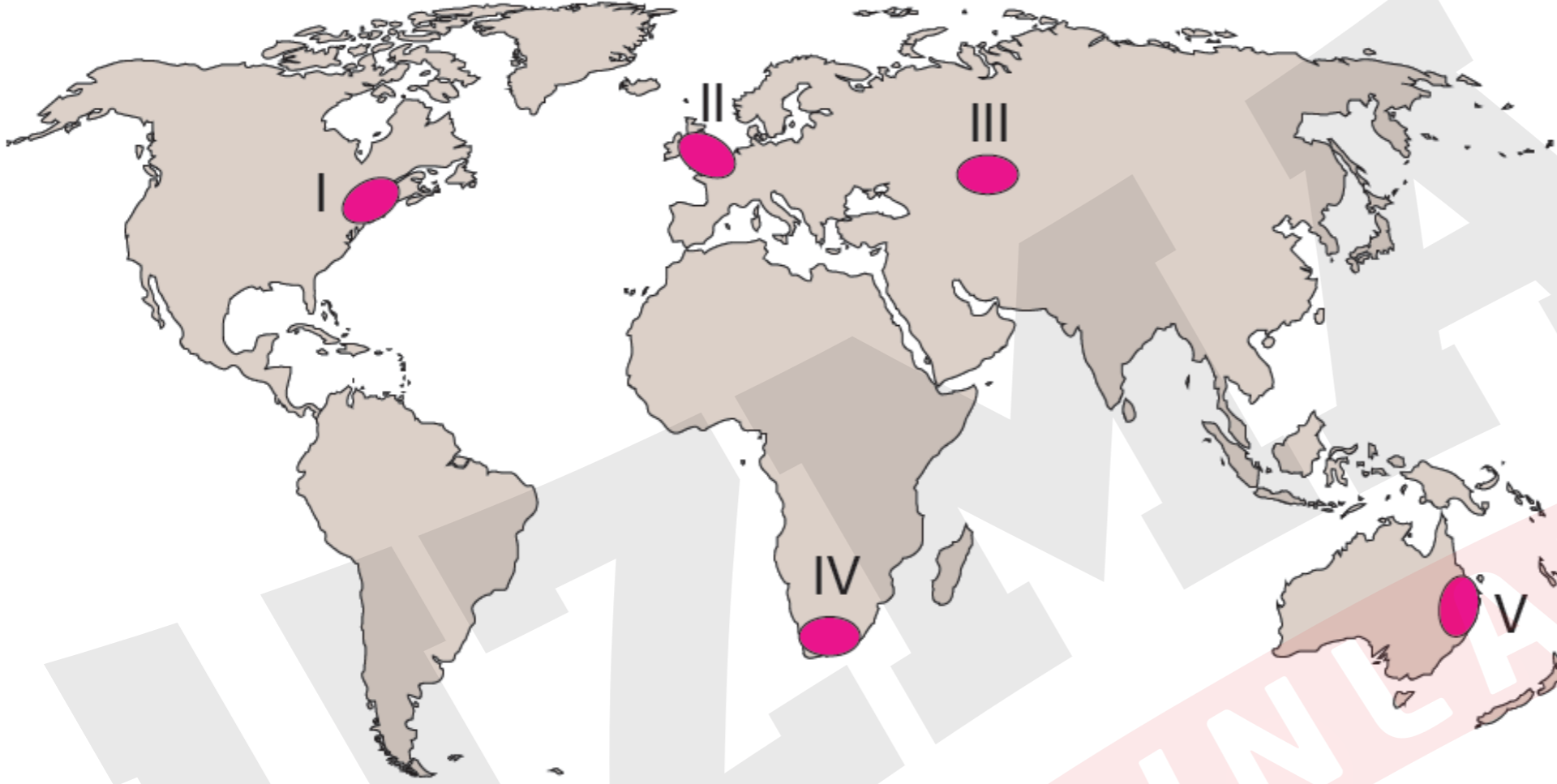


Örnek:

Akdeniz iklim bölgesinde maki türleri ile ilgili araştırma yapmak isteyen bir araştırmacı, aşağıda koordinatları verilen bölgelerin hangisine gitmelidir?



Örnek:

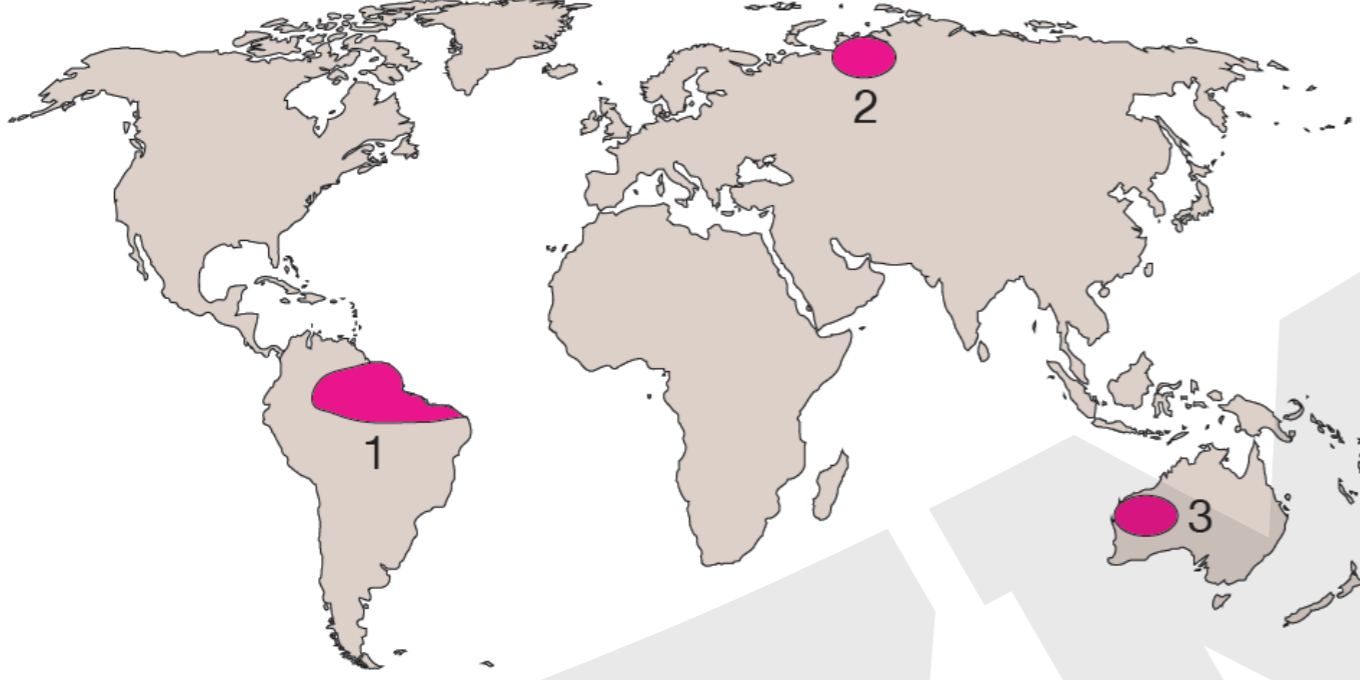


Oluşumunda Batı Rüzgarları'nın ve sıcak okyanus akıntılarının etkili olduğu iklim tipi yukarıdaki haritada taralı alanlardan hangisinde görülür?

- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V



Örnek:



Yukarıdaki haritada numaralarla gösterilen bölgelerde etkili olan iklim tipleri aşağıdakilerden hangisinde doğru verilmiştir?

- | <u>1</u> | <u>2</u> | <u>3</u> |
|---------------|----------|----------|
| A) Ekvatorial | Step | Savan |
| B) Muson | Kutup | Savan |
| C) Ekvatorial | Tundra | Çöl |
| D) Çöl | Tundra | Step |
| E) Savan | Karasal | Çöl |

